

Normal Exam Documentation

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Normal Exam Documentation

Documenting your findings on a physical exam as well as the reasoning for your plan of care serves as a defense in the event another provider, patient etc. doesn't agree with your actions. Second, documentation helps with continuity of care.

Cheat Sheet: Normal Physical Exam Template | ThriveAP

Documenting a normal exam of the head, eyes, ears, nose and throat should look something along the lines of the following: Head – The head is normocephalic and atraumatic without tenderness, visible or palpable masses, depressions, or scarring. Hair is of normal texture and evenly distributed. Eyes – Visual acuity is intact.

The 411 on Documenting a HEENT Exam | ThriveAP

Documentation of a basic, normal heart exam should look something along the lines of the following: The external chest is normal in appearance without lifts, heaves, or thrills. PMI is not visible and is palpated in the 5th intercostal space at the midclavicular line. Heart rate and rhythm are normal.

A Quick Guide to Documenting a Cardiovascular Exam | ThriveAP

Normal Physical Exam Template Samples, Normal Physical Exam Template Samples. Physical Exam Format 1: Subheadings in ALL CAPS and flush left to the margin. PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: GENERAL APPEARANCE: The patient is a [x]-year-old well-developed, well-nourished male/female in no acute distress.

Normal Physical Exam Template Samples

Documentation of a basic, normal neuro exam should look something along the lines of the following: The patient is alert and oriented to person, place, and time with normal speech. No motor deficits are noted, with muscle strength 5/5 bilaterally. Sensation is intact bilaterally.

Documenting a Neuro Exam, Decoded | ThriveAP

Documentation of a basic, normal respiratory exam should look something along the lines of the following: The chest wall is symmetric, without deformity, and is atraumatic in appearance. No tenderness is appreciated upon palpation of the chest wall. The patient does not exhibit signs of respiratory distress.

Documenting a Respiratory Exam - Just the Basics | ThriveAP

Example documentation of a normal ENT examination. Example documentation of an abnormal ENT examination . Clinical Skills Teaching and Learning Centre. 70 Pembroke Place L69 3GF Liverpool United Kingdom. 0151 794 8242. clinicalskills@liverpool.ac.uk.

Ear, nose and throat examination documentation - Clinical ...

Normal Physical Examination Template Format For Medical Transcriptionists. PHYSICAL EXAM TEMPLATE FORMAT # 1: PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: GENERAL APPEARANCE: The patient is alert, oriented and has a bandage over his left eye. He is in no acute distress. VITAL SIGNS: T-max was 100, currently 97.5, blood pressure 110/60, respirations 22, and heart rate 88.

Normal Physical Examination Template Format For Medical ...

In the 1995 documentation guidelines, the level of exam depends, simply enough, on the number of organ systems that are examined and documented. ... Include equally specific notes of normal ...

Exam Documentation: Charting Within the Guidelines -- FPM

Rectal Exam The rectal exam is important to make sure causes of rectal bleeding such as hemorrhoids are not missed. Additionally, understanding how to palpate the prostate gland is important for looking for cancer and diagnosis prostatitis.

Rectal Exam | Stanford Medicine 25 | Stanford Medicine

6. External examination. Look for any ptosis by measuring the margin-to-reflex distance, which is the distance from the corneal light reflex to the margin of the upper lid. Look for lagophthalmos. Note any unusual growths or lesions that may require a biopsy. Palpate lymph nodes and the temporal artery if indicated by the history or exam.

The 8-Point Eye Exam - American Academy of Ophthalmology

Normal breast examination documentation. Abnormal breast examination documentation. Clinical Skills Teaching and Learning Centre. 70 Pembroke Place L69 3GF Liverpool United Kingdom. 0151 794 8242. clinicalskills@liverpool.ac.uk.

Breast Examination documentation examples - Clinical ...

Pelvic exam is a important part of the exam for female patients and important towards making various diagnoses such as yeast vulvovaginitis, bacterial vaginosis, lichen sclerosis, cancers such as cervical cancer, anal/rectal cancer, sexually-transmitted infections (gonorrhea, chlamydia, trichomonas, syphilis, herpes and human papillomavirus) and many other diagnoses.

Pelvic Exam | Stanford Medicine 25 | Stanford Medicine

Document all colposcopic findings (normal and abnormal) on Pelvic Exam Diagrams CRF | Document abnormal colpo findings on Pelvic Exam CRF, item 7-7a (not on AE Log CRF) | Further documentation of colposcopic (and naked eye findings) on the pelvic exam diagram is encouraged: e.g., location, extent, detailed description |

Pelvic Exams and Evaluations

Pelvic Exam Indications: The pelvic exam is typically done in a number of settings: As part of cervical cancer screening, which involves a PAP smear. For an average risk woman, this is offered starting at age 21, and is repeated every 3 years if the findings are normal.

UC San Diego's Practical Guide to Clinical Medicine

For girls, both labia majora and minora should be seen. Normal hymenal tissue is light pink with a central orifice between the labia minora. White or mucoid discharge (as in the photo) is normal. For boys, the penile shaft should appear straight with an intact foreskin. Testicles should be palpable bilaterally as small (1 cm) symmetric masses.

Newborn Exam | Newborn Nursery | Stanford Medicine

EXAMINATION of the EAR • Inspection • External ear – observe position and shape, inspect for symmetry, lesions, drainage from external auditory meatus • Position: Top of auricle should be above line drawn between outer canthus of eye and occipital protuberance. Low set auricle may signify chromosomal abnormality. • Possible findings

EXAMINATION of the EAR - University of Virginia

Develop a structured, comprehensive exam that you can perform on nearly any patient, and use the normal findings for this exam as your documentation template. If your department uses the 1997 guidelines, read through the bullets and pick 2 per system to include in your exam. Your examination is part of your decision making.

ED Charting and Coding: Physical Exam (PE)

Example documentation of a normal cranial nerve examination Example documentation of an abnormal cranial nerve examination